

WOAH Reference Laboratory Reports Activities 2025

This report has been submitted: 19 janvier 2026 12:00

LABORATORY INFORMATION

*Name of disease (or topic) for which you are a designated WOAH Reference Laboratory:	Sheep pox and goat pox
*Address of laboratory:	Ash road
*Tel:	+44-1483 23.24.41
*E-mail address:	georgina.limon-vega@pirbright.ac.uk
Website:	https://www.pirbright.ac.uk/our-science/non-vesicular-reference-laboratory
*Name (including Title) of Head of Laboratory (Responsible Official):	Prof Bryan Charleston, Institute Director
*Name (including Title and Position) of WOAH Reference Expert:	Dr Georgina Limon-Vega, Group Leader
*Which of the following defines your laboratory? Check all that apply:	Research agency

TOR1: DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

1. Did your laboratory perform diagnostic tests for the specified disease/topic for purposes such as disease diagnosis, screening of animals for export, surveillance, etc.? (Not for quality control, proficiency testing or staff training)

No

There were not samples submitted for Sheep and goat pox. Countries affected in Europe by sheep pox or goat pox are obliged to use the EURL for diagnostic support. Additionally due to the cost of shipping infectious material, affected countries from endemic regions in Africa would more likely reach out to the WOAH reference laboratory in South Africa.

TOR2: REFERENCE MATERIAL

2. Did your laboratory produce or supply imported standard reference reagents officially recognised by WOAH?

No

3. Did your laboratory supply standard reference reagents (nonWOAH-approved) and/or other diagnostic reagents to WOAH Members?

No

4. Did your laboratory produce vaccines?

Not applicable

5. Did your laboratory supply vaccines to WOAH Members?

TOR3: NEW PROCEDURES

6. Did your laboratory develop new diagnostic methods for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

7. Did your laboratory validate diagnostic methods according to WOAH Standards for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

8. Did your laboratory develop new vaccines for the designated pathogen or disease?

9. Did your laboratory validate vaccines according to WOAH Standards for the designated pathogen or disease?

TOR4: DIAGNOSTIC TESTING FACILITIES

10. Did your laboratory carry out diagnostic testing for other WOAHP Members?

No

11. Did your laboratory provide expert advice in technical consultancies on the request of an WOAHP Member?

Yes

Name of the WOAHP Member Country receiving a technical consultancy	Purpose	How the advice was provided
CHINA (PEOPLE'S REP. OF)	Enquire re vaccine quality control	email

TOR5: COLLABORATIVE SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL STUDIES

12. Did your laboratory participate in international scientific studies in collaboration with WOAHP Members other than the own?

Yes

Title of the study	Duration	Purpose of the study	Partners (Institutions)	WOAHP Member Countries involved other than your country
Sheep and goat pox: vaccines and vaccination scenarios to control the epidemics in Greece and Bulgaria in 2025	3 months	Review the commercially available vaccines for sheep and goat pox and assess the impact of vaccination on the spread and eradication of SGP	European Food Safety Authority, Sciensano, IZS Teramo, Bulgarian Food Safety Agency	BULGARIA GREECE

13. In exercising your activities, have you identified any regulatory research needs* relevant for WOAHP?

No

TOR6: EPIZOOLOGICAL DATA

14. Did your Laboratory collect epidemiological data relevant to international disease control?

No

15. Did your laboratory disseminate epidemiological data that had been processed and analysed?

No

16. What method of dissemination of information is most often used by your laboratory? (Indicate in the appropriate box the number by category and list the details in the box)

a) Articles published in peer-reviewed journals:

b) International conferences:

c) National conferences:

d) Other (Provide website address or link to appropriate information):

TOR7: SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL TRAINING

17. Did your laboratory provide scientific and technical training to laboratory personnel from other WOAHA Members?

No

TOR8: QUALITY ASSURANCE

18. Does your laboratory have a Quality Management System?

Yes

Quality management system adopted	Certificate scan (PDF, JPG, PNG format)	
ISO 1725	UKAS accreditation (PDF)	UKAS 4025 16June2025.pdf

19. Is your quality management system accredited?

Yes

Test for which your laboratory is accredited	Accreditation body
ELISA	UKAS
Real-time PCR (Bowden et al)	UKAS

20. Does your laboratory maintain a "biorisk management system" for the pathogen and the disease concerned?

Yes

All our management systems are built around UK legislation, some is based on WHO and WOAHA, but not directly translatable as it's updated into UK law before it's applied. All facilities have their operational risk assessment and specific activity risk assessments where required. We have a process in place for reporting incidents relating to biorisk, including an investigation process and lessons learned. There is also an inspection and audit programme which monitors compliance with Biorisk related legislation including SAPO, COSHH (where it relates to human pathogens), and GM (contained use). We are inspected by the HSE as part of a proactive intervention plan, where parts of our biorisk management system are scrutinised and sampled to check compliance and we are also visited and inspected by the National Counter Terrorism Security Office (NaCTSO) to ensure any 'dual-use' materials are being held securely.

TOR9: SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS

21. Did your laboratory organise scientific meetings related to the pathogen in question on behalf of WOAHA?

No

22. Did your laboratory participate in scientific meetings related to the pathogen in question on behalf of WOAHA?

No

TOR10: NETWORK WITH WOAHA REFERENCE LABORATORIES

23. Did your laboratory exchange information with other WOAHA Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen or disease?

Yes

24. Are you a member of a network of WOAHA Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen?

No

25. Did you organise or participate in inter-laboratory proficiency tests with WOAHA Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen during the past 2 years?

Yes

Purpose of the proficiency test:	Role of your Reference Laboratory (organiser/ participant)	No. participating Laboratories	Participating WOAHA Ref. Labs/ organising WOAHA Ref Lab
The aim of this PT was to evaluate the ability of the participating laboratories to identify the absence or presence of antibodies to capripox (CAPX) viruses in serum of ruminants and/or to assess the ability of the participating laboratories to detect CAPX virus DNA in different matrices.	Participant	11	Organiser - Sciensano, Belgium

26. Did your laboratory collaborate with other WOAHA Reference Laboratories for the same disease on scientific research projects for the diagnosis or control of the pathogen of interest?

No

TOR11: OTHER INTERLABORATORY PROFICIENCY TESTING

27. Did your laboratory organise or participate in inter-laboratory proficiency tests with laboratories other than WOAHP Reference Laboratories for the same pathogen during the past 2 years?

Yes

Purpose for inter-laboratory test comparisons ¹	Role of your reference laboratory (organizer/participant)	No. participating laboratories	Name of the test	WOAH Member Countries
The aim of this PT was to evaluate the ability of the participating laboratories to identify the absence or presence of antibodies to capripox (CAPX) viruses in serum of ruminants and/or to assess the ability of the participating laboratories to detect CAPX virus DNA in different matrices	Participant	11	ELISA and PCR	AUSTRALIA, GERMANY, KOREA (DEM. PEOPLE'S REP. OF), LAOS, MALAYSIA, SWITZERLAND, THAILAND, UNITED KINGDOM, VIETNAM,

TOR12: EXPERT CONSULTANTS

28. Did your laboratory place expert consultants at the disposal of WOAHP?

Yes

Kind of consultancy	Location	Subject (facultative)
Review of WOAHP chapter	remote	Diagnostic manual -second round of comments.

29. Additional comments regarding your report:

Yes

Regarding TOR 10 and 11, 36 EU laboratories also participated, but since the UK has left the EU we are no longer privy to this information.

Dr Limon-Vega has been providing advice to the UK and giving input on rapid risk assessments for SGP entry to the UK. Dr Limon-Vega and Dr Batten have provided input to the Sheep and Goat pox material provided by APHA.

Dr Carrie Batten has joined the ad hoc group to revamp the WOAHP's Register of Diagnostic Kits. The first meeting was held in late November and Dr Batten has been appointed as chair.

Countries affected in Europe by sheep pox or goat pox are obliged to use the EURL for diagnostic support. Additionally due to the cost of shipping infectious material I would expect affected countries from endemic regions in Africa to reach out to the WOAHP reference laboratory in South Africa.

The Pirbright institute has invested resource into preparing BVDV free stocks of capripoxvirus reference strains. We continue to make our large collection of capripoxviruses and related reagents available on request.