WOAH Reference Laboratory Reports Activities 2023

Activities in 2023

This report has been submitted: 18 juin 2024 11:56

Laboratory Information

| Name of disease (or topic) for which you are a designated WOAH Reference Laboratory: | Classical swine fever |
|--|--|
| Address of laboratory: | Bünteweg 17, 30559 Hannover |
| Tel.: | +49-511 953 88 40 |
| E-mail address: | 109670@tiho-hannover.de |
| Website: | www.tiho-hannover.de/kliniken-institute/institute/institut-fuer-virologie/eu-and-woah-reference-laboratory |
| Name (including Title) of Head of Laboratory (Responsible Official): | Prof. Dr. Paul Becher, Director |
| Name (including Title and Position) of WOAH Reference Expert: | Prof. Dr. Paul Becher |
| Which of the following defines your laboratory? Check all that apply: | Academic institution |

TOR1: DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

1. Did your laboratory perform diagnostic tests for the specified disease/topic for purposes such as disease diagnosis, screening of animals for export, surveillance, etc.? (Not for quality control, proficiency testing or staff training)

Yes

| Diagnostic Test | Indicated in WOAH Manual (Yes/No) | Total number of test performed last year | |
|---|---|--|-----------------|
| Indirect diagnostic tests | | Nationally | |
| Comparative neutralizing peroxidase- linked assay (antibodies against CSFV and BDV/ BVDV for discriminating serology testing | | 0 | 4 |
| Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (antibodies against CSFV) | | 0 | 1 |
| Direct diagnostic tests | | Nationally | Internationally |
| Virus isolation (CSFV) | | 0 | 0 |
| Reverse-transcription polymerase chain reaction (CSFV/ Panpesti) | | 0 | 2 |
| Genetic Typing (CSFV phylogenetic analysis) | | 0 | 0 |
| Enzyme-linked immuosorbent assay (CSFV) | | 0 | 0 |

TOR2: REFERENCE MATERIAL

2. Did your laboratory produce or supply imported standard reference reagents officially recognised by WOAH?

No

3. Did your laboratory supply standard reference reagents (nonWOAH-approved) and/or other diagnostic reagents to WOAH Members?

| TYPE OF REAGENT AVAILABLE | RELATED DIAGNOSTIC TEST | PRODUCED/ PROVIDE | AMOUNT SUPPLIED NATIONALLY (ML, MG) | AMOUNT SUPPLIED INTERNATIONALLY (ML, MG) | NO. OF RECIPIENT WOAH MEMBER COUNTRIES | COUNTRY OF RECIPIENTS |
|--|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Reference sera for genome detection techniques | Reverse-transcription polymerase chain reaction | produced & provided | 0 | 4 | 1 | PORTUGAL, |
| RNA (extracted from CSFV positive samples or RNA transcript) | Reverse-transcription polymerase chain reaction | produced & provided | 0 | 0.05 | 1 | SWEDEN, |
| Permissive cell line for cell-culture based techniques | NPLA; Virus isolation | produced & provided | 0 | 240 | 1 | AUSTRIA, |
| Monoclonal antibodies (hybridoma cell-culture supernatant) | | produced & provided | 0 | 70 | 6 | AUSTRIA, CZECH REPUBLIC, FINLAND, POLAND, ROMANIA, SPAIN, |
| Reference sera for Antibody detection techniques | NPLA; ELISA | produced & provided | 0 | 21 | 3 | FINLAND, FRANCE, LITHUANIA, |

4. Did your laboratory produce vaccines?

Nο

5. Did your laboratory supply vaccines to WOAH Members?

No

TOR3: NEW PROCEDURES

6. Did your laboratory develop new diagnostic methods for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

 $7.\ Did\ your\ laboratory\ validate\ diagnostic\ methods\ according\ to\ WOAH\ Standards\ for\ the\ designated\ pathogen\ or\ disease?$

Νo

 $\hbox{8. Did your laboratory develop new vaccines for the designated pathogen or disease?}\\$

No

9. Did your laboratory validate vaccines according to WOAH Standards for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

TOR4: DIAGNOSTIC TESTING FACILITIES

10. Did your laboratory carry out diagnostic testing for other WOAH Members?

Yes

| NAME OF WOAH MEMBER COUNTRY SEEKING ASSISTANCE | DATE | WHICH DIAGNOSTIC TEST USED | NO. SAMPLES RECEIVED FOR PROVISION OF DIAGNOSTIC SUPPORT | NO. SAMPLES RECEIVED FOR PROVISION OF CONFIRMATORY DIAGNOSES |
|---|------------|---|--|--|
| BELGIUM | 2023-11-03 | Neutralizing peroxidase-linked assay; Antibody ELISA and reverse-transcription polymerase chain reaction | 1 | 0 |

11. Did your laboratory provide expert advice in technical consultancies on the request of an WOAH Member?

| NAME OF THE WOAH MEMBER COUNTRY RECEIVING A TECHNICAL CONSULTANCY | PURPOSE | HOW THE ADVICE WAS PROVIDED |
|---|--|-----------------------------|
| SWITZERLAND | Alternative sample matrices for the detection of antibodies by commercial CSFV antibody ELISAs | Remote |
| IRELAND | Biosafety issues (e.g. decontamination of equipment) | Remote |
| AUSTRIA | Cell lines for BDV-specific neutralizing peroxidase-linked assay | Remote |

| CANADA | Neutralizing peroxidase-linked assay | Remote |
|-----------------|---|--------|
| THE NETHERLANDS | Multiplex qRT-PCR for the detection of CSFV and ASFV genome Alternative sample matrices | Remote |
| FINLAND | Batch release of CSFV antibody ELISAs | Remote |
| CZECH REPUBLIC | Request on reference material: pan- pesti specific antibodies | Remote |
| ITALY | Internal validation of ELISA kits and reference sera for CSF virus neutralization | Remote |
| SWEDEN | Establishment of an APPV real RT PCR | Remote |

TOR5: COLLABORATIVE SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL STUDIES

12. Did your laboratory participate in international scientific studies in collaboration with WOAH Members other than the own?

Yes

| Title of the study | Duration | PURPOSE OF THE STUDY | PARTNERS (INSTITUTIONS) | WOAH MEMBER COUNTRIES INVOLVED OTHER THAN YOUR COUNTRY |
|--------------------|----------|---|--|--|
| DISCONTOOLS | ongoing | Update on current knowledge on CSF situation, diagnosis and control, gap analysis | APHA, United Kingdom; USDA, Plum Island, USA Intervet International, MSD Animal Health, The Netherlands Boehringer Ingelheim Vetmedica GmbH, Germany; Friedrich- Loeffler-Institut (FLI), Greifswald – Island Riems, Germany Laboratory of Microbiology, Department of Disease Control, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Hokkaido University, Japan | GERMANY JAPAN THE NETHERLANDS UNITED KINGDOM UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |

13. In exercising your activities, have you identified any regulatory research needs* relevant for WOAH?

No

TOR6: EPIZOOLOGICAL DATA

14. Did your Laboratory collect epidemiological data relevant to international disease control?

Yes

IF THE ANSWER IS YES. PLEASE PROVIDE DETAILS OF THE DATA COLLECTED:

- Country Reports on CSF Situation & Laboratory Diagnosis from EU and Non-EU Member States countries
 CSF Wild Boar Data of EU and Non-EU Member States countries
- EURL Classical- & African swine fever in Wild Boar Surveillance Database (developed by the Friedrich-Loeffler-Institute)

15. Did your laboratory disseminate epidemiological data that had been processed and analysed?

Vac

IF THE ANSWER IS YES, PLEASE PROVIDE DETAILS OF THE DATA COLLECTED:

- Country Reports on CSF Situation & Laboratory Diagnosis from EU and Non-EU Member States countries
 CSF Wild Boar Data of EU and Non-EU Member States countries
- EURL Classical- & African swine fever in Wild Boar Surveillance Database (developed by the Friedrich-Loeffler-Institute)

16. What method of dissemination of information is most often used by your laboratory? (Indicate in the appropriate box the number by category and list the details in the box)

a) Articles published in peer-reviewed journals:

1

Huang Y.-L., Meyer D., Postel A., Tsai K.-J., Liu H.-M., Yang C.-H., Huang Y.-C., Chang H.-W., Deng M.-C., H.-W., Wang F.-I., Becher P., Crooke H., and Chang C.-Y., Identification of neutralizing epitopes on the D/A domain of the E2 glycoprotein of classical swine fever virus, 2023, Virus Res. doi: 10.1016/j.virusres.2023.199209.

b) International conferences:

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Leveringhaus E., Poljakovic R., Becher P., Postel A. The porcine low-density lipoprotein (LDLR) plays an important role in Classical swine fever (CSFV) infection, 32nd Annual Meeting of the Society for Virology, Ulm, Germany, 28.-31.03.2023, poster presentation.

Huang Y.-L., Meyer D., Postel A., Tsai K.-J., Liu H.-M., Yang C.-H., Huang Y.-C., Chang H.-W., Deng M.-C., H.-W., Wang F.-I., Becher P., Crooke H., and Chang C.-Y. Characterization of classical swine fever virus specific epitopes on the D/A domain of glycoprotein E2, Novi Sad, Serbia, 26.04.-28.04.2024, oral presentation.

Leveringhaus E., Poljakovic R., Becher P., Postel A. The porcine low-density lipoprotein (LDLR) plays an important role in Classical swine fever (CSFV) infection, Novi Sad, Serbia, 26.04.-28.04.2024, oral presentation.

Becher P. Virus-host interactions, diagnosis and control of classical swine fever virus and other porcine pestiviruses, Asian Pig Veterinary Society Congress 2023, Taipei, Taiwan, 30.07.-02.08.2023, keynote lecture.

Meyer D. Results of the Interlaboratory Comparison Test 2022-2023 - Serology Panel. Workshop on Laboratory Diagnosis of ASF and CSF, Madrid, Spain, 21.-22.11.2023, oral presentation.

Meyer D. Results of the Interlaboratory Comparison Test 2022-2023 - Virology Panel. Workshop on Laboratory Diagnosis of ASF and CSF, Madrid, Spain, 21.-22.11.2023, oral presentation

Meyer D, Becher P. Report of the CSF EURL activities in 2022-2023. Workshop on Laboratory Diagnosis of ASF and CSF, Madrid, Spain, 21.-22.11.2023, oral presentation.

Postel A. The low-density lipoprotein receptor. An important host factor for CSFV infection. Workshop on Laboratory Diagnosis of ASF and CSF, Madrid, Spain, 21.-22.11.2023, oral presentation.

Becher P. Diagnosis and control of Classical swine fever virus and other porcine pestiviruses in Europe. International Symposium on Classical Swine Fever and Other Important Swine Infectious Diseases, Wuhan, China, 28.-29.11.2023, keynote lecture.

- c) National conferences:
- d) Other (Provide website address or link to appropriate information):

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Information on CSF

https://www.tiho-hannover.de/kliniken-institute/institute/institut-fuer-virologie/eu-and-woah-reference-laboratory with the properties of the properties o

Virus database:

https://www.tiho-hannover.de/kliniken-institute/institute/institut-fuer-virologie/eu-and-woah-reference-laboratory/databases

CSF / ASF WILD BOAR SURVEILLANCE DATABASE:

http://public.csf-wildboar.eu

TOR7: SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL TRAINING

17. Did your laboratory provide scientific and technical training to laboratory personnel from other WOAH Members?

Yes

a) Technical visit: 0

b) Seminars: 0

c) Hands-on training courses: 1

d) Internships (>1 month) 0

| Type of technical training provided (a, b, c or d) | Country of origin of the expert(s) provided with training | No. participants from the corresponding country |
|---|---|---|
| С | IRELAND | 2 |

TOR8: QUALITY ASSURANCE

18. Does your laboratory have a Quality Management System?

Yes

| Quality management system adopted | Certificate scan (PDF, JPG, PNG format) | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| ISO 17025 | Certificate_DAkkS_2020 | DAkkS Urkunde englisch_2020.pdf |

19. Is your quality management system accredited?

Yes

| Test for which your laboratory is accredited | Accreditation body |
|--|--------------------|
| Isolation, propagation and quantification of CSFV in cell culture | DAkkS/ ILAC-MRA |
| Detection of CSFV antigen by ELISA | DAkkS/ ILAC-MRA |
| Detection of antibodies directed against CSFV by ELISA | DAkkS/ ILAC-MRA |
| Detection of antibodies directed against CSFV by neutralization assay | DAkkS/ ILAC-MRA |
| Detection of antibodies directed against Border Disease Virus (BDV) by neutralization assay | DAkkS/ ILAC-MRA |
| Detection of antibodies directed against Bovine Viral Diarrhea Virus (BVDV) by neutralization assay | DAkkS/ ILAC-MRA |
| Detection of CSFV genome using RT-PCR (and subsequent preparation for genotyping) | DAkkS/ ILAC-MRA |
| Detection of CSFV genome and detection of genome of other pestiviruses using real-time RT-PCR (SYBR Green) | DAkkS/ ILAC-MRA |
| Detection of CSFV genome using real-time RT-PCR with TaqMan probe | DAkkS/ ILAC-MRA |
| Detection of CSFV genome using virotype CSF RT-PCR-Kit | DAkkS/ ILAC-MRA |
| Isolation, propagation and quantification of BVDV, BDV and other pestiviruses in cell culture | DAkkS/ ILAC-MRA |

20. Does your laboratory maintain a "biorisk management system" for the pathogen and the disease concerned?

Yes

A biological risk analysis is performed by the head of the laboratory together with the management of laboratory biological risk. Biosafety and laboratory biosecurity measures are implemented and summarized in the corresponding operating instructions of the laboratory.

TOR9: SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS

 ${\tt 21.\ Did\ your\ laboratory\ organise\ scientific\ meetings\ related\ to\ the\ pathogen\ in\ question\ on\ behalf\ of\ WOAH?}$

No

22. Did your laboratory participate in scientific meetings related to the pathogen in question on behalf of WOAH?

No

TOR10: NETWORK WITH WOAH REFERENCE LABORATORIES

 $23. \ \, \text{Did your laboratory exchange information with other WOAH Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen or disease?}$

Yes

24. Do you network (collaborate or share information) with other WOAH Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen?

| NETWORK/DISEASE | ROLE OF YOUR LABORATORY (PARTICIPANT, ORGANISER, ETC) | NO. PARTICIPANTS | PARTICIPATING WOAH REF. LABS |
|---------------------------------------|---|------------------|---|
| WOAH-Terrestrial Manual , Chapter CSF | Update of the vaccine part and justification for the listed diagnostic methods in the chapter CSF of the WOAH Terrestrial Manual | 7 | China, Japan, UK, Germany, Spain, Chinese Taipei, Poland, Canada |

25. Did you organise or participate in inter-laboratory proficiency tests with WOAH Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen?

Yes

| PURPOSE OF THE PROFICIENCY TESTS: 1 | ROLE OF YOUR REFERENCE LABORATORY (ORGANISER/ PARTICIPANT) | NO. PARTICIPANTS | PARTICIPATING WOAH REF. LABS/ ORGANISING WOAH REF. LAB. |
|---|---|------------------|--|
| Validation of diagnostic protocols: Real- time RT-PCR Conventional RT-PCR Antigen ELISA, Virus isolation, Sequencing, Virus Neutralization assay Antibody ELISA | Organizer | 32 | Poland |
| Validation of diagnostic protocols: Real- time RT-PCR Conventional RT-PCR Antigen ELISA, Virus isolation, Sequencing, Virus Neutralization assay Antibody ELISA | Organizer | 4 | Chinese Taipei |

26. Did your laboratory collaborate with other WOAH Reference Laboratories for the same disease on scientific research projects for the diagnosis or control of the pathogen of interest?

Yes

| TITLE OF THE PROJECT OR CONTRACT | SCOPE | NAME(S) OF RELEVANT WOAH REFERENCE LABORATORIES |
|--|---|---|
| Characterisation of monoclonal antibodies against pestiviruses | Testing of novel monoclonal antibodies against Classical Swine fever Virus using different pestivirus strains (including various genotypes of CSFV) Epitope mapping studies of different pestiviral monoclonal antibodies | Veterinary Research Institute, Tamsui, New Taipei City, Taiwan |
| Characterisation of monoclonal antibodies against pestiviruses | Testing of monoclonal antibodies using pestivirus strains that were discovered in ruminants, pigs or in non-ungulate hosts. | Animal and Plant Health Agency, Surrey, United Kingdom |

TOR11: OTHER INTERLABORATORY PROFICIENCY TESTING

27. Did your laboratory organise or participate in inter-laboratory proficiency tests with laboratories other than WOAH Reference Laboratories for the same pathogen?

Yes

| Purpose for inter-laboratory test comparisons1 | Role of your reference laboratory (organizer/participant) | No. participating laboratories | Name of the Test | WOAH Member Countries |
|--|---|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Determining laboratory's capability to conduct specific diagnostic tests: Antigen ELISA Real-time RT-PCR Conventional RT-PCR, Sequencing Virus isolation Virus Neutralization assay Antibody ELISA | Organizer | 32 | CSF-ILCT 2023 | AUSTRIA, BELGIUM, BULGARIA, CROATIA, CYPRUS, CZECH REPUBLIC, DENMARK, ESTONIA, FINLAND, FRANCE, GERMANY, GREECE, HUNGARY, IRELAND, ITALY, LATVIA, LITHUANIA, LUXEMBOURG, MALTA, MONTENEGRO, NORTH MACEDONIA (REP. OF), NORWAY, POLAND, PORTUGAL, ROMANIA, SLOVAKIA, SLOVENIA, SPAIN, SWEDEN, SWITZERLAND, THE NETHERLANDS, |
| CSF specific antibody ELISA | Participant | 15 | Inter-laboratory comparison test for CSF specific antibody ELISA | FRANCE, |

TOR12: EXPERT CONSULTANTS

28. Did your laboratory place expert consultants at the disposal of WOAH?

| KIND OF CONSULTANCY | Location | SUBJECT (FACULTATIVE) |
|--|----------|---|
| Review and update of the WOAH-Terrestrial Manual, chapter CSF | Remote | Update of the vaccine part and justification for the listed |

| | diagnostic methods |
|--|--------------------|

29. Additional comments regarding your report:

Νo