WOAH Reference Laboratory Reports Activities 2023

Activities in 2023

This report has been submitted : 28 mai 2024 09:32

Laboratory Information

Name of disease (or topic) for which you are a designated WOAH Reference Laboratory:	Salmonellosis
Address of laboratory:	Animal and Plant Quarantine Agency (APQA) Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs (MAFRA) 177, Hyeoksin 8-ro Gimcheon-si Gyeongsangbuk-do, 39660,
Tel.:	+82-54 912 08 18
E-mail address:	kangmskr@korea.kr
Website:	http://www.qia.go.kr
Name (including Title) of Head of Laboratory (Responsible Official):	Jung-hee Kim, Commissioner, APQA
Name (including Title and Position) of WOAH Reference Expert:	Min-Su Kang, DVM, PhD, Senior Veterinary Researcher, Chief of Avian Bacteriology Laboratory, Avian Disease Research Division, APQA
Which of the following defines your laboratory? Check all that apply:	Governmental

TOR1: DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

1. Did your laboratory perform diagnostic tests for the specified disease/topic for purposes such as disease diagnosis, screening of animals for export, surveillance, etc.? (Not for quality control, proficiency testing or staff training)

Diagnostic Test	Indicated in WOAH Manual (Yes/No)	Total number of test performed last year	
Indirect diagnostic tests		Nationally	Internationally
Direct diagnostic tests		Nationally	Internationally
Isolation and identification		266	0
Serotyping		266	0
PFGE		34	0
MLVA		34	0
Antimicrobial susceptibility test		266	0

TOR2: REFERENCE MATERIAL

2. Did your laboratory produce or supply imported standard reference reagents officially recognised by WOAH?

No

Yes

Yes

3. Did your laboratory supply standard reference reagents (nonWOAH-approved) and/or other diagnostic reagents to WOAH Members?

TYPE OF READ			AMOUNT SUPPLIED NATIONALLY (ML, MG)	AMOUNT SUPPLIED INTERNATIONALLY (ML, MG)	NO. OF RECIPIENT WOAH MEMBER COUNTRIES	COUNTRY OF RECIPIENTS
PCR kit	Differential identification of Salmonella Gallinarum	Provide	4,100 tests (82 ml)	0	1	Korea (Rep. of),

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and Pullorum			

4. Did your laboratory produce vaccines?

No

5. Did your laboratory supply vaccines to WOAH Members?

No

TOR3: NEW PROCEDURES

6. Did your laboratory develop new diagnostic methods for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

7. Did your laboratory validate diagnostic methods according to WOAH Standards for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

8. Did your laboratory develop new vaccines for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

9. Did your laboratory validate vaccines according to WOAH Standards for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

TOR4: DIAGNOSTIC TESTING FACILITIES

10. Did your laboratory carry out diagnostic testing for other WOAH Members?

No

11. Did your laboratory provide expert advice in technical consultancies on the request of an WOAH Member?

Yes

NAME OF THE WOAH MEMBER COUNTRY RECEIVING A TECHNICAL CONSULTANCY	PURPOSE	HOW THE ADVICE WAS PROVIDED
PHILIPPINES	Improvement of the control policy for Pullorum disease in chickens	Meeting in Korea

TOR5: COLLABORATIVE SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL STUDIES

12. Did your laboratory participate in international scientific studies in collaboration with WOAH Members other than the own?

No

13. In exercising your activities, have you identified any regulatory research needs* relevant for WOAH?

No

TOR6: EPIZOOLOGICAL DATA

14. Did your Laboratory collect epidemiological data relevant to international disease control?

Yes

IF THE ANSWER IS YES, PLEASE PROVIDE DETAILS OF THE DATA COLLECTED:

Prevalence of Salmonella Pullorum in chicken flocks in the Philippines.

15. Did your laboratory disseminate epidemiological data that had been processed and analysed?

Yes

IF THE ANSWER IS YES, PLEASE PROVIDE DETAILS OF THE DATA COLLECTED:

Current status of control of Salmonella Pullorum, Salmonella Gallinarum, and paratyphoid Salmonella in chickens in Korea.

16. What method of dissemination of information is most often used by your laboratory? (Indicate in the appropriate box the number by category and list the details in the box)

a) Articles published in peer-reviewed journals:

1

1. Prevalence of asymptomatic infections of Chlamydia psittaci in psittacine birds in Korea. Zoonoses Public Health. 70:451-458. 2023.

b) International conferences:

c) National conferences:

2

Phenotypic and genotypic traits of Salmonella Gallinarum isolates since the early 2000s in Korea. 2023 Nov. Conference of Korean Society of Veterinary Science
Recent occurrence and rapid spread of multidrug-resistant Salmonella Infantis in broiler flocks in Korea. 2023 Nov. Conference of Korean Society of Veterinary Science

d) Other (Provide website address or link to appropriate information):

TOR7: SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL TRAINING

17. Did your laboratory provide scientific and technical training to laboratory personnel from other WOAH Members?

Yes

a) Technical visit : 0

b) Seminars : 5

c) Hands-on training courses: 0

d) Internships (>1 month) 0

Type of technical training provided (a, b, c or d)	Country of origin of the expert(s) provided with training	No. participants from the corresponding country
В	MALAYSIA	2
В	VIETNAM	3
В	KAZAKHSTAN	2
В	PHILIPPINES	3
В	SRI LANKA	2

TOR8: QUALITY ASSURANCE

18. Does your laboratory have a Quality Management System?

Yes

Quality management system adopted	Certificate scan (PDF, JPG, PNG format)	
ISO 17025	2023 KOLAS ISO 17025 Certificate.pdf	2023 KOLAS ISO 17025 Certificate.pdf

19. Is your quality management system accredited?

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Test for which your laboratory is accredited	Accreditation body
Identification of the agent (isolation and identification, serotyping)	Korea Laboratory Accreditation Scheme (KOLAS)
Serological tests (RSA, ELISA)	KOLAS

20. Does your laboratory maintain a "biorisk management system" for the pathogen and the disease concerned?

Yes

Under the Laboratory Safety Management System, our laboratory complies with Biosafety Level II (BSL-2) practices for Salmonellosis with daily checkups.

TOR9: SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS

21. Did your laboratory organise scientific meetings related to the pathogen in question on behalf of WOAH?

No

22. Did your laboratory participate in scientific meetings related to the pathogen in question on behalf of WOAH?

No

TOR10: NETWORK WITH WOAH REFERENCE LABORATORIES

23. Did your laboratory exchange information with other WOAH Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen or disease? Yes

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24. Do you network (collaborate or share information) with other WOAH Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen? No

25. Did you organise or participate in inter-laboratory proficiency tests with WOAH Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen? Yes

PURPOSE OF THE PROFICIENCY TESTS: 1	ROLE OF YOUR REFERENCE LABORATORY (ORGANISER/ PARTICIPANT)	NO. PARTICIPANTS	PARTICIPATING WOAH REF. LABS/ ORGANISING WOAH REF. LAB.
Sensitivity and specificity of Salmonella identification from poultry-associated samples	Participant	100	Various/Animal and Plant Health Agency (United Kingdom)

26. Did your laboratory collaborate with other WOAH Reference Laboratories for the same disease on scientific research projects for the diagnosis or control of the pathogen of interest?

No

TOR11: OTHER INTERLABORATORY PROFICIENCY TESTING

27. Did your laboratory organise or participate in inter-laboratory proficiency tests with laboratories other than WOAH Reference Laboratories for the same pathogen? Yes

Korea (Rep. of),

TOR12: EXPERT CONSULTANTS

28. Did your laboratory place expert consultants at the disposal of WOAH?

No

29. Additional comments regarding your report:

No