WOAH Reference Laboratory Reports Activities 2022

Activities in 2022

This report has been submitted: 25 avril 2023 16:19

Laboratory Information

Name of disease (or topic) for which you are a designated WOAH Reference Laboratory:	Newcastle disease
Address of laboratory:	177, Hyeoksin 8-ro Gimcheon-si, Gyeongsangbuk-do, 39660 Korea(REP.OF)
Tel.:	+82-54-912-0817
E-mail address:	jiyekim@korea.kr
Website:	
Name (including Title) of Head of Laboratory (Responsible Official):	Bong Kyun Park (Commissioner, APQA)
Name (including Title and Position) of WOAH Reference Expert:	Ji-Ye Kim
Which of the following defines your laboratory? Check all that apply:	Governmental

TOR1: DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

1. Did your laboratory perform diagnostic tests for the specified disease/topic for purposes such as disease diagnosis, screening of animals for export, surveillance, etc.? (Not for quality control, proficiency testing or staff training)

Yes

Diagnostic Test	Indicated in WOAH Manual (Yes/No)	Total number of test performed last year	
Indirect diagnostic tests		Nationally	Internationally
HI test	Yes	1,121	0
Direct diagnostic tests		Nationally	Internationally
Virus isolation(Egg inoculation)	Yes	3,462	4

TOR2: REFERENCE MATERIAL

2. Did your laboratory produce or supply imported standard reference reagents officially recognised by WOAH?

Nο

3. Did your laboratory supply standard reference reagents (nonWOAH-approved) and/or other diagnostic reagents to WOAH Members?

Yes

TYPE OF REAGENT AVAILABLE	RELATED DIAGNOSTIC TEST	PRODUCED/ PROVIDE	AMOUNT SUPPLIED NATIONALLY (ML, MG)	AMOUNT SUPPLIED INTERNATIONALLY (ML, MG)	NO. OF RECIPIENT WOAH MEMBER COUNTRIES	COUNTRY OF RECIPIENTS
Control positive Antigen and antiserum	HI serologic test	Test provide	10,500 dose		1	Asia and Pacific

4. Did your laboratory produce vaccines?

No

5. Did your laboratory supply vaccines to WOAH Members?

No

TOR3: NEW PROCEDURES

6. Did your laboratory develop new diagnostic methods for the designated pathogen or disease?

Yes

NAME OF THE NEW TEST OR DIAGNOSTIC METHOD DEVELOPED	DESCRIPTION AND REFERENCES (PUBLICATION, WEBSITE, ETC.)
Primers for RT-LAMP based detection of pathogenic Newcastle disease virus and its use	patent application No. :Kr-10-2022-0140972
Primers for RT-LAMP based detection of Newcastle disease virus and its use	patent application No. :Kr-10-2022-0140964

7. Did your laboratory validate diagnostic methods according to WOAH Standards for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

8. Did your laboratory develop new vaccines for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

9. Did your laboratory validate vaccines according to WOAH Standards for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

TOR4: DIAGNOSTIC TESTING FACILITIES

10. Did your laboratory carry out diagnostic testing for other WOAH Members?

Yes

NAME OF WOAH MEMBER COUNTRY SEEKING ASSISTANCE	DATE	WHICH DIAGNOSTIC TEST USED	NO. SAMPLES RECEIVED FOR PROVISION OF DIAGNOSTIC SUPPORT	NO. SAMPLES RECEIVED FOR PROVISION OF CONFIRMATORY DIAGNOSES
MALAYSIA	2022-10-04	Real-time RT-PCR, Conventional RT-PCR		4

11. Did your laboratory provide expert advice in technical consultancies on the request of an WOAH Member?

No

TOR5: COLLABORATIVE SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL STUDIES

12. Did your laboratory participate in international scientific studies in collaboration with WOAH Members other than the own?

Yes

Title of the study	Duration	PURPOSE OF THE STUDY	PARTNERS (INSTITUTIONS)	WOAH MEMBER COUNTRIES INVOLVED OTHER THAN YOUR COUNTRY
The molecular epidemiology of Newcastle disease, Infectious bronchitis and Avian salmonellosis in Malaysia	2020-2022	To extend the understanding of epidemiology of the poultry diseases in Southeast Asia	Universiti Putra Malaysia	MALAYSIA

TOR6: EPIZOOLOGICAL DATA

14. Did your Laboratory collect epidemiological data relevant to international disease control?

Yes

IF THE ANSWER IS YES. PLEASE PROVIDE DETAILS OF THE DATA COLLECTED:

We have a system, Korea Animal Health Integrated System(KAHIS). By this system we collect the farm information including owner's name, the number of animal and so on. It also collects the movement of vehicles related to farms by GPS.

15. Did your laboratory disseminate epidemiological data that had been processed and analysed?

Yes

IF THE ANSWER IS YES, PLEASE PROVIDE DETAILS OF THE DATA COLLECTED:

The system that I explain above can provide the data immediately when the disease outbreaks.

- 16. What method of dissemination of information is most often used by your laboratory? (Indicate in the appropriate box the number by category and list the details in the box)
- a) Articles published in peer-reviewed journals:
- b) International conferences:

1

Introduction of passive/active surveillance for Newcastle disease, Republic of Korea (WOAH, 2022.04.21)

c) National conferences:

1

Avian Disease Diagnosis training workshop (2022.05.12)

d) Other (Provide website address or link to appropriate information):

TOR7: SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL TRAINING

17. Did your laboratory provide scientific and technical training to laboratory personnel from other WOAH Members?

Yes

a) Technical visit:

b) Seminars: 5

c) Hands-on training courses:

d) Internships (>1 month)

Type of technical training provided (a, b, c or d)	Country of origin of the expert(s) provided with training	No. participants from the corresponding country
b	Philippines	10
b	Sri Lanka	4
b	Malaysia	2
b	Vietnam	2
b	Kazakhstan	5

TOR8: QUALITY ASSURANCE

18. Does your laboratory have a Quality Management System?

Yes

Quality management system adopted	Certificate scan (PDF, JPG, PNG format)	
ISO 17025	Certificate(PDF)	20221229_KT372_Animal_and_Plant_Quarantine_Agency_PM_Eng.pdf

19. Is your quality management system accredited?

Yes

Test for which your laboratory is accredited	Accreditation body	
Identification of the agent (molecular techniques)	KOLAS-Korea Laboratory Accreditation Scheme	

Serologic test (HA, HI)	KOLAS-Korea Laboratory Accreditation Scheme	
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20. Does your laboratory maintain a "biorisk management system" for the pathogen and the disease concerned?

Yes

A national biorisk management is designated to prevent disease among personnel and to protect the community from harm by preventing the release of infectious pathogen.

TOR9: SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS

21. Did your laboratory organise scientific meetings related to the pathogen in question on behalf of WOAH?

No

22. Did your laboratory participate in scientific meetings related to the pathogen in question on behalf of WOAH?

Yes

Title of event	Date (mm/yy)	Location	Role (speaker, presenting poster, short communications)	Title of the work presented
Workshop for the OIE avian disease network in east Asia	2022-04-21	online(Zoom)	speaker	Introduction of passive/active surveillance for Newcastle disease, Republic of Korea
WOAH Regional avian disease expert group network meeting for Asia and Pacific	2022-10-31	Geelong(Australia)	speaker	Current status of Newcastle disease

TOR10: NETWORK WITH WOAH REFERENCE LABORATORIES

23. Did your laboratory exchange information with other WOAH Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen or disease? Yes

24. Are you a member of a network of WOAH Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen?

Yes

PURPOSE OF THE PROFICIENCY TESTS: 1	ROLE OF YOUR REFERENCE LABORATORY (ORGANISER/	NO. PARTICIPANTS	PARTICIPATING WOAH REF. LABS/ ORGANISING WOAH REF.
1E313. 1	PARTICIPANT)		LAB.

25. Did you organise or participate in inter-laboratory proficiency tests with WOAH Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen?

Yes

PURPOSE OF THE PROFICIENCY TESTS: 1	ROLE OF YOUR REFERENCE LABORATORY (ORGANISER/ PARTICIPANT)	NO. PARTICIPANTS	PARTICIPATING WOAH REF. LABS/ ORGANISING WOAH REF. LAB.
APHA conventional proficiency ring trial(AI/ND PCR and classical HI typing)	participant	information available from organiser APHA(UK)	APHA, UK(Organiser)

26. Did your laboratory collaborate with other WOAH Reference Laboratories for the same disease on scientific research projects for the diagnosis or control of the pathogen of interest?

No

TOR11: OTHER INTERLABORATORY PROFICIENCY TESTING

27. Did your laboratory organise or participate in inter-laboratory proficiency tests with laboratories other than WOAH Reference Laboratories for the same pathogen?

Yes

Purpose for inter-laboratory test comparisons1	Role of your reference laboratory (organizer/participant)	No. participating laboratories	Region(s) of participating WOAH Member Countries
Annual national proficiency test for diagnosis of Newcastle disease	Organiser	53	Asia and Pacific

TOR12: EXPERT CONSULTANTS

28. Did your laboratory place expert consultants at the disposal of WOAH?

No

29. Additional comments regarding your report:

No